INDIAN POTENTATE, WHO TRIED TO CIVILIZE HIS PEOPLE.

Few Delegates Attending the Hispano-American Congress-General Foreign News.

LONDON, Nov. 10 .- The death of the Maharajah of Patiala, at Simla, Nov. 8. removes one of the best and most interesting products of Anglo-Indian rule. He was the first reigning prince to blend the elements of the English gentleman and Indian potentate. Educated at Cambridge. he returned to India and put in force in his rich kingdom the reforms which he had carefully absorbed in England, endowing free hospitals for women, establishing orphanages, drilling troops, sending them to help a British exepdition and leading them personally. It was one of his keenest disappointments not to be allowed to serve in South Africa. But he was not only a just and enlightened ruler. He became the best polo player in India, was a fearless rider, a dead shot, was second only to Ranjfisinjhi at cricket and was one of the finest ceased was a close friend of Lord William Bereaford, Lord Roberts and other wellknown people. He was passionately fond of horses and imported a splendid stud and an Irish expert named Bryan to be master of the horse at Patiala. With Bryan went his daughter, and the prince fell desperately in love with her, proposed and was accepted. The Sikhs murmured and threatened revolt, and the imperial government, dreading trouble, endeavored to break off the match. But both Great Britain and his own subjects were outwitted and eventually appeared, the bride embracing the Sikh faith. Her reign was short. Accompanying her husband during a campaign in the icy Hymalayas, she died of pneumonia. At the head of his silent the prince brought back the body, hundreds of miles, to Patiala, where the remains were cremated with all the weird Sikh rites which were accorded to himself.

#### OPPOSES SUBMARINE BOATS.

Mr. Thornyeroft Thinks They Can Be Easily Put Out of the Way.

LONDON, Nov. 11 .- Mr. Thornycroft, England's torpedo boat builder, has been expressing interesting opinions on submarine boats. He does not believe it necessary for Great Britain to build sub-He is carefuly studying the problem of devising a submarine destroyer, should it ever be necessary. He regards the American submarine boat as the best type yet made. But he doubts its efficacy, even for harbor defense. "A shell dropped in the neighborhood of a submarine boat," said Mr. Thornycroft, "and exploded, either level or below it, would afford sufficient shock to crumble up the boat. Possession of a submarine boat of your own will not help you to find an enemy's. They are at present of too limited range and insufficient propelling power to be really a serious factor, and the unsatisfied problem of keeping a level keel under water is yet to be solved. If I ever have to go under water with a submarine boat I will prefer to sit

In spite of the pessimistic opinions of Mr. Thornycroft, the British Admiralty has at last decided to grant a submarine boat, designed by J. F. Howard, of Tasmania. an official trial.

#### ATTENDANCE SMALL.

Hispano-American Congress Something of a Fizzle.

MADRID, Nov. 10 .- Many of the delegates to the Spanish-American Congress have not yet arrived here. Cuba and Porto Rico are not represented officially, though private corporations have sent delegates. The non-arrival of many of the delegates has inspired fear that the congress will be a "fizzle." The Liberal sounds a note of alarm and urges the congress to work earnestly to secure the unity of all the Latin people of America, adding that if the labors of the congress are abortive the result will be to the advantage of the

Senor Campos, minister of foreign affairs, and Senores Silvela and Sagasta made adcresses at to-day's session of the Spanish-American congress. Gen. Azcarraga. the premier, delivered an academic discourse. He dilated upon the theme that the closest unions are borne of love, not force, and said the questions to be discussed by the congress were of great importance, because they synthesised the intellectual, political and commercial life of the great Spanish race. The premier predicted that the congress would be an

The most noteworthy speeches were those of Senor Sierra, the delegate from Mexico, and Senor Callada, from Buenos Ayres. The former said that if union were lacking the Latin republics were lost, and the latter declared that every Spanish-American ought to swear to defend his country and race and eulogized the Cu- | formance. bans and the Filipinos for wishing to preserve Spanish nationality.

Does Not Fear American Competition. LONDON, Nov. 10 .- The determination of the American steel manufacturers to invade these markets is not apparently worrying the English trade to any great extent, judging from the opinion of a master cutler from Sheffield, the head of one of the greatest steel organizations in the country, who said to a representative of the Associated Press: "I do not believe American trade in steel rails in England will ever amount to much. Every manufacturer gets a certain surplus, which, if he can find a market, is clear profit. We are getting the American surplus, and believe they are selling cheaper here than in their own country. When such competition becomes serious it will be necessary for the American manufacturers to devote more than their surplus to this market. When | could but acquiesce, and soon after they they do I believe they will find they canpot beat us in prices or quality on our own ground. Business here is as good as ever and provises to remain so. I cannot say we have yet felt the pinch of Ameri-

#### Two Innovations.

LONDON, Nov. 10 .- Those who have long agitated against the docking of horse tails announced that she had persuaded the Prince of Wales to follow her example. With royalty taking up such a vigorous stand it is likely that the docked horse will soon be as rare in London as fulltailed horses are at present.

Another startling change in appearances is the Prince of Wales's wearing eyeglasses. The future king has long enoyed good eyesight, but now, on the advice of an eminent occulist, he has had recourse to this fashionable form of spectacles. They are selected from the best obtainable lenses, are framed in tortoise shell and form an altogether elaborate addition to the royal countenance.

Church Union Opposed in Highlands.

LONDON, Nov. 10 .- The new United Free Church of Scotland is meeting with serious opposition in the highlands. The bitter convenanting zeal that animates the sturdy highlanders has been aroused by the belief that the principles of the Free Church are compromised. Empty benches mark the services held under the auspices of the new organization, while hundreds attend impromptu meetings, in halls and elsewhere, conducted under the old church rules. There are many indications of secession though this does not apply to the lowlands, where the amalgamation has

Letty Lind in Comic Opera.

LONDON, Nov. 10 .- Miss Letty Lind signalized her return to the legitimate tonight in George Grossmith, jr.'s, new comic

DEATH OF A MAHARAJAH and son-were in the cast. The music and the libretto both appear amateurish. Such honors as were afforded were divided between Mr. John Coates and Miss Jeanne Bouste. The costumes were bright and the piece was prettily staged, but the opera lacks the force necessary to a permanent success. Miss Letty Lind, who never aspired to success as a singer, was unfortunately limited in her vocal efforts and had no chance to show her skill as a dancer, for which she is famous. Just why the audience failed to solve.

An Unrepentant Anarchis.

PARIC. Nov. 10.-The trial of Francois Salson, he Anarchist, who attempted to shoot the Shah of Persia, Mouzaffer-ed Din, Aug, 2, while the latter was visiting the exposition, began to-day. The presiding judge tried to bring out the anarchistic am a soldier of the revolution. I attempted attempted to kill the Shah, because he is the embodiment of power and riches." Salson was convicted and condemned to enal servitude for life. He listened to his sentence in silence. Throughout the proceedings he showed no bravado, but, on the contrary, appeared timid, though he mainained an impassive demeanor.

Britons Wearing Yankee Shoes. LONDON, Nov. 10 .- The latest discovery of successful American enterprise in England is in the boot and shoe trade. Daily the American article is gaining headway. One agent, after three years' work, got 1,200 large customers, his turn-over his year amounting to many thousands of pounds. According to the Daily Mail, he ability of the American firms to compete so successfully is chiefly due to the superiority of the American lasts where modeled on the human foot, and also to the large outputs of well-regulated fac-

tories, in which work is done by the piece,

Historic Church May Be Destroyed. ngton's ancestors's tomb, bearing rigin of the stars and stripes, is threatmed with destruction, unless £200 is subscribed for its repair. What makes the church of interest to Americans is the ablet erected to the memory of Colonei legge, who married Eliza Washington, who died in 1670, surmounted by the Wash-American national flag.

Snakes Found in Ireland. LONDON, Nov. 10 .- St. Patrick's decree and the experience of hundreds of years to the contrary, snakes have been found in Ireland. Two specimens of the ring snake have been found at Bray. They immediately paid the penalty of death and the skins are kept as great curiosities. The Irish press maintains that the reptiles were imported from England.

Mayne Reid's Widow in Want. LONDON, Nov. 10 .- The widow of Capt. Mayne Reid, U. S. A. (author of the "Rifle Rangers, "Scalp Hunters," etc.), has been liscovered in a poverty-stricken condition, in spite of the popularity his novels once achieved. The widow is a daughter of Mr. George Hyde, who claimed to be related to the first Earl of Clarendon.

The Pope yesterday received the bishop if the diocese of St. Cloud, Minn. Lord Raglan, a grandson of the Crimean General of that name, will be appointed British under-secretary of state for war. Another Consuelo has been added to the list of the British nobility. This time it is the infant daughter of Lady Lillian Grenfell, named after her godmother, the Duchess of Marlborough.

Cable Notes.

Joseph H. Choate, the United States ampassador to Great Britain, is with Lord Salisbury at Hatfield House, the premier's ountry seat in Hertfordshire. At the conclusion of his stay there he will go to Dalmeny Park, Edinburg, on a visit to Lord Rosebery.

# NOT PERMITTED TO PLAY

ANARCHISTS DID NOT PRODUCE "A MAN WITHOUT A COUNTRY."

New York Police Interdicted the Show and the Reds in Turn Denounced the Authorities.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10 .- The police togight refused to allow the Italian Anarch-"A Man Without a Country," in the Germanic Assembly rooms on the Bowery, because the Italians had neglected to get a theatrical license. A number of policemen and detectives stood at the door of the assembly rooms and turned away all comers who had come to witness the per-

The play was in commemoration of the thirteenth anniversary of the "Chicago martyrs," who were hanged for their connection with the Haymarket riot, and the proceeds from the 35 cents admission which was to have been charged were to be given to Mrs. Bresci, of Paterson, wife of Gaetano Bresci, the assassin of King Humbert of Italy. Mrs. Bresci and her two children were among those turned away from the

The Anarchists said to-night that the police had been interested in the prevention of the play by Italian Consul Branchi. At any rate, Inspector Cross summoned some of the Anarchist leaders to his office this afternoon and told them that they could not give the play, and that if they tried to do so a hundred policemen would be on hand to put a stop to it. The Anarchists placed on the doorway of the hall a notice in Italian, which read: "At the last moment we have been prevented by the police from giving the play, 'A Man Without a Country. As fast as the ticket holders came they

were told there was to be no play. This was followed by a long-drawn-out hiss from an Anarchist whom the police allowed to stand on the curb, and he told the disappointed playgoers that they should go to 144 Bleecker street, where all the Anarchists would gather. Most of them. and about half the women, followed his instructions. There is an Italian saloon and restaurant at this number, and, fearing that the police might make a descent on the place, the proprietors requested their Anarchist friends to go elsewhere. They went to another saloon nearby, but here again they were not welcome, the propriefor declaring that they would ruin his Their ranks had greatly dwinaled by this time, but a few of the faithful formed into line and marched to a resort on East Third street, where they were allowed to meet, and where speeches were made denouncing the police.

# IN BATTLE ARRAY.

Two Armed Political Factions Facing Each Other in Texas.

FORT WORTH, Tex., Nov. 10 .- Further erious trouble is feared in Grimes county over the killing resulting from the election. The two factions are armed and stationed in the jail and courthouse at vesterday. Peace officers are doing all miles. they can to pacify the warring factions.

The Mckissons Divorced.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 10 .- At Akron, O., to-day, former Mayor Robert E. Me-Kisson, of this city, was granted a divorce time since Some his wife. McKisson brought suit divorce at Elyria, O., charging gross neglect of duty. Her husband filed a cross petition asking for a divorce on the same ground. At the hearing, which was secret.

DEATH OF ROBERT G. DUN

BEARING HIS NAME.

she selected the part is a mystery which | Long III with Cirrhosis of the Liver-Lieut. Com. Stokely Morgan, One of Dewey's Heores, Dend.

> NEW YORK, Nov. 10 .- R. G. Dun, head of the mercantile agency firm of R. G. Dun & Co., died in this city to-day of cirrhosis of the liver. He had been ill for several months, the first news of his serious condition having been sent from his summer home, Dunmore, near Narragansett Pier. He went to Rhode Island in June in a very enfeebled state, and the change at first seemed to improve his health rapidly. The improvement, however, did not last. So weak had he become even before going to Narragansett, that he was obliged to abandon his annual fishing tour in Canada. He rallied slightly after returning to New York, but his physicians did not hold out hopes of recovery.

Robert Graham Dun was born in Chillicothe, O., in 1826. His ancestors were Scotch. His grandfather was the Rev. James Dun, for twenty years a minister of the Free Church of Scotland in Glasgow His father, Robert Dun, was also educated for the ministry and emigrated to the United States in 1815. He settled in Chillicothe, O., where he married Lucy W. Angus, also of Scotch parentage, where Mr Dun was born. The Ohio boy took advan-Instead of on time, as prevails in Great Dun was born. The Ohio boy took advan-Britain, with the very latest machinery." tage of such means for education as were afforded, and at sixteen years of age began his business career in a country store at a salary of \$2 per week. By reason of LONDON, Nov. 10 .- Holy Trinity Church | his application to business, his energy and thoroughgoing, practical ways, he soon ecame one of the partners in the business. The advantages of New York city induced him to enter it as a larger field. He went to New York and secured employment in the mercantile agency, then conducted by Tappan & Douglass. Here his talent for details was recognized, and he was constantly advanced until, in 1854, he became a partner of Mr. Douglass under the firm name of B. Douglass & Co. In 1859 Mr. Dun purchased the interest in the business ngton arms, consisting of five alternating | held by Mr. Douglass. He realized that bars of red and white, above which are there must be one controlling head to five-pointed red stars. These, it is said, make the enterprise successful. Mr. Dun up to the time of his death. It was entirely due to him that the agency attained worldwide renown. His genius as an organizer and director of the many branches of his business gave him high standing in the commercial world. Mrs. Dun survives him.

Rev. Dr. J. Wesley Brown.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—The Rev. Dr. J. Wesley Brown, rector of St. Thomas Protestant Episcopal Church, died this aft-ernoon. He had been ill for several weeks.

Dr. Brown was sixty-three years old He was born in Baltimore in 1837. He was a civil engineer in the government service, but in 1866 entered the Methodist ministry Subsequently he became an Epicopalian He had a church at Middletown, Del., and from there went to Trinity Church, Philadelphia. He served in Christ Church, Detroit; Trinity Cathedral, Cleveland, and St. Paul's Cathedral, Buffalo. He was in the latter place for six years. He succeeded to the pastorate of St. Thomas on the death of Rev. Dr. William F. Morgan in 1888. It was Dr. Brown who performed the ceremony which united Consuela Vanderbilt to the Duke of Marlborough. He also married Miss Pauline Whitney to Almeric Hugh Paget, and Miss Clark, daughter of Senator Clark, of Montana, to Dr. Morris.

James B. Ferguson.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Nov. 10.-James B Ferguson, aged sixty-six, the noted race hospital here to-night after a long illness. He was born at Louisville and entered upon a turf career at the age of twenty-one. He became a race starter in 1881 and served on every track in the country. He recovered from paralysis of the leg caused by a bulet which had rested against his spine for twenty years, and which was located by the X ray and removed two weeks ago.

# Rev. Ransom Dunn.

SCRANTON, Pa., Nov. 10.-Rev. Ransom Dunn, who instructed President Garfield at Georgia Seminary, in Ohio, died last night at the home of his daughter here, aged eighty-two years. He was ordained to the ninistry when eighteen years old, but devoted most of his life to educational work. For many years he was a professor at Hillsdale College, Michigan. One of his daughters, Mrs. Walter T. N. Clark, is a Presbyterian missionary in China.

Lieut. Com. Stokely Morgan.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 10 .- Lieut Com. Stokely Morgan, U. S. N., retired, who had the distinction of firing the first gun at the Spanish fleet in the battle of Manila bay, died at his home in Roxbury to-day. Death was due to paralysis. He was fortyone years old.

William M. Gregg. CHICAGO, Nov. 10 .- William M. Gregg, an old and prominent Board of Trade man, and organizer of the First National Bank of Monmouth, Ill., died at his home at Riverside to-day, of heart trouble, aged

Charles H. Pinkham.

LYNN, Mass., Nov. 10 .- Charles H. Pinkham, well known as a manufacturer of retary of war. proprietary medicine, died at his home here to-day of Bright's disease. He was hfty-six years of age.

Representative Bailey's Mother, BAILEYVILLE, Kan., Nov. 10 .- Mrs Bailey, aged seventy-six, mother of Repre sentative W. J. Balley, is dead at her home here of paralysis.

# BOILER MAKERS STRIKE.

Threaten to Tie Up the Whole Vanderbilt Railway System.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Nov. 10.-Striking boilermakers in the shops of the Boston & Albany Railroad, in West Springfield, threaten to tie up the whole Vanderbilt system if their demands are not granted. They declare they have 20,000 boilermakers behind them and can call upon other labor unions to back them in their demand.

To Refund Bonds.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 10 .- The stockholders of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railroad system, at a special meeting Dec. 11, will consider a proposition from the directors to refund their bonds into 4 per cents. It will also be proposed to purchase all lines now operated under lease and to re-fund the bonds of the leased lines and provide for such a new issue that will enable the system to build new depots and make various improvements. The plan is similar to those adopted by the Alton and the Burlington lines.

Fast Run in a Snowstorm.

MONTREAL, Nov. 10 .- Lord Strathcona's pecial train on the Canadian Pacific, from Montreal to Ottawa, to-day made the distance, 112 miles, in 110 minutes, leaving here at 8:37 a. m. and reaching Ottawa at 10:27. The run was made in a heavy snowstorm, and, deducting three minutes for stoppages and slow-downs, the actual Anderson. Shots were exchanged all day running time was 100 minutes for the 112

Railway Transferred.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 10 .- The Boston & and Hudson River system, President William Bliss, of the Boston & Albany road acting as the agent of the New York Central Company. All officers and heads of departments will retain their present offices.

cago from Dec. 1 to 8, promises to be the most notable event of its kind ever held. There will be 10,000 head of animals on exhibition, including 1,500 head of royally pedigreed cattle, 1,200 sheep, 1,000 hogs and 400 horses. The remainder of the exhibit will be animals of the fat classes. There will be 700 classes represented, and about 3,000 premiums, amounting in all to \$75,000 The entries come from Canada, Scotland England and seven other foreign governments have signified their intention of having representatives at the exhibition. A notable feature of the show will be the collection of draught horses.

HOWARD GOULD MULCTED.

Frank Mowbray Awarded \$1,000 Damages for Breach of Contract.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10 .- The jury in the suit brought by Frank Mowbray, a valet, against Howard Gould, a son of the late Jay Gould, for \$25,000 damages for breach of contract, brought in a verdict to-day awarding \$5,000 to the plaintiff. Mowbray alleged that Mr. Gould engaged him as a valet for life at \$80 per month after he had lost the sight of one eye and received other injuries as a result of setting off a damp skyrocket on Mr. Gould's yacht July 4, 893, and that he was discharged immediately after the statute of limitations barred a suit for damages on account of the injuries he had received.

TEST TO BE MADE

ORDNANCE BOARD MAY ADOPT MODEL OF A FRENCH CANNON.

Pictured by an Agent as an Improvement in Field Artillery-Shields for Rapid-Fire Guns.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10 .- The board of ordnance and fortifications held an important meeting to-day and decided that the rapid-fire guns of the seacoast defenses should be supplied with shields. This action must be approved by the secretary of war before it becomes operative. The ordnance officers, the engineers and some artillery officers do not approve of shields. This is a continuation of the contest between ordnance officers and engineers on the one hand and the majority of the members of the board of ordnance and fortifications on the other, relative to disappearing gun

In connection with the action to-day there developed an interesting feature of the proceedings of the board relative to field artillery. It appears that an agent of the department has come into possession of what he asserts are accurate plans for the new French field gun and these he offers to place at the disposal of the board if he is permitted to undertake the construction of a sample gen from the plans at the cost of the government. In his re-

"Through personal friends in Paris I was fortunate enough to secure confidential information of such an accurate technical character as to convince me that I am now informed as to every essential element of construction involved, and with this knowledge am able to not only make a working drawing of the equipment as it now is in service, but if given an opportunity could construct a gun and carriage of service efficiency equal to the French material. I would like to be given the opportunity to superintend the construction at the works of one of the large responsible manufacturers of ordnance of a complete service model of nonrecoiling French field carriage, embodying all the information gained, it being definitely understood that I give absolutely to the War Department all rights in the improvements of principles of construction employed, and that the manufacturing company will keep the same confidential, turning over to the department all patterns, etc., when the work is completed. The cost of such construction will not exceed \$2,000, and the carriage could be completed in condition for service test within the 120 days recommended by the board of ordnance and fortification for the preparation of field material for test.

"Since 1896 the French government has expended \$40,000,000 on her new field artilery. The Russian government has already secured the necessary financial credit for reorganizing and re-equipping its field artillery to the extent of 1,000 six-gun batteries, to be completed by the end of 1903, and involving a total expenditure of approximately \$50,000,000. The German government, although it has already expended more than \$30,000,000 on the Krupp field guns introduced into the service in 1896 has decided to change and improve this equipment at an expenditure which will probably amount to \$15,000,000 more, changing the pattern of the carriage very radically. The English government already has under construction about 500 field guns of the newest type. Sweden has just arranged with a German firm for the manufacture of forty-six complete six-gun batteries, involving an expenditure of nearly \$2,000,000. Turkey has within the past three months given an order to Krupp for over two hundred of his latest field guns, at an approximate cost of \$1,500,000, while an English firm has already partly completed an order for 120 guns received a short while ago from Spain. I refer to the above facts simply to emphasize the importance that the modern rapid-fire field artillery is assuming in the war preparations of the

The board decided to avail itself of the opportunity to build the test gun and made recommendation to that effect to the sec-

# HIS TASK HARD.

(CONCLUDED FROM FIRST PAGE.) sick, or 8.79 per cent. Regarding the morality of the army he says: "The number of deaths in the army has steadily increased and a diminution of the death rate can scarcely be expected. The number of men shot from ambush by small guerrilla bands now exceeds those killed at any previous time, and as time proceeds and the men become more and more debilitated by the trophical service, the more marked will become the ratio of deaths. For the six months from Jan. 31 to July 31, 1900, there died twenty-four officers and 971 enlisted men, of whom four officers and 204 enlisted men were killed in action and three officers and forty-three enlisted men died of wounds, the other deaths occurring from various diseases. This is an average of 4.7 daily." Colonel Greenleaf says that the war has impoverished the native population and the native population has drawn all available medical supplies from native physicians and there has been great suffering among the outlying residents. He says there is a scarcity of medical officers

Lieutenant Colonel Allen, of the signal corps, says there is in operation in the sland, 2,141 miles of land and cable lines, with 315 offices in direct communication Major General Lloyd Wheaton reports

upon the conditions of the department of

northern Luzon, while Major General John C. Bates makes a report regarding the department of southern Luzon. General Robert P. Hughes, reports as commander of the department of Visayas, and General William A. Kobbe reports on the operations in Mindanao and Jolo. These reports relate chiefly to the military operations in the department.

SIXTO LOPEZ AGAIN.

He Says Filipinos Will Continue to Fight for Independence.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10 .- In the course of lengthy dispatch from Boston, appearing in the Herald, Senor Sixto Lopez, the former member of the Filipino commission to the United States and close friend of Aguinaldo, is quoted as replying as follows, when asked what the future course of his people would be: "Under any conditions involving a withholding of independence the Filipinos will continue to fight in de-

"What will induce the Filipines to stop fighting?" he was asked. "First, the granting of independence," he replied. "Second, a definite promise of independence. Third, a deciaration of policy by the administration placing the Philippines in a similar position to Cuba. Any one of these would result in an immediate one of these would result in an immediate of the company's works. opera, "The Gay Pretenders," at the Globe
Theater. The music of the opera is by
Claude Nument Both Grossmiths—father

Live Stock Exposition.

Live Stock Exposition.

Live Stock Exposition in a similar position to the disconnection on of these would result in an immediate that the Illinois Steel Company's works, be testified that his wife no longer loved that the Illinois Steel Company's works, be testified that his wife no longer loved that the Illinois Steel Company's works, be testified that his wife no longer loved that the Illinois Steel Company's works, be testified that his wife no longer loved that the Illinois Steel Company's works, be testified that his wife no longer loved that the Illinois Steel Company's works, be the testified that his wife no longer loved that the Illinois Steel Company's works, be the testified that his wife no longer loved that the Illinois Steel Company's works, be the testified that his wife no longer loved that the Illinois Steel Company's works, be the testified that his wife no longer loved that his wife no longer loved that the Illinois Steel Company's works. It is that the Illinois Steel Company's works. It is the testified that his wife no longer loved that the Illinois Steel Company's works. It is the testified that his wife no longer loved that the Illinois Steel Company's works. It is the testified that his wife no longer loved that his wife no loved that his wi

More original than "Richard Carvel," more vital than "Janice Meredith," more cohesive than "To Have and To Hold," more dramatic, spontaneous and than any of its rivals-such Maurice Thompson's superb American novel, Vincennes."

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ife and property, coaling stations, military and naval bases, could be arranged by

friendly negotiations. Senor Lopez refused to discuss the result of the election last Tuesday. When asked if he cared to say anyin reference to the suggesthat he might be in communication with Aguinaldo he said: "I am glad of the opportunity to state that while in this country I have not held any communication whatever with Aguinaldo, and have even refused to undertake to forward a friendly letter for an American citizen whose patriotism I would not question."

Casualty List from MacArthur. WASHINGTON, Nov. 10 .- The war Department to-day received the following casualty list from General MacArthur at

Killed-Nov. 1, at Beliuag, Luzon, Troop H, Fourth Cavalry, Sergeant William H. Bremmer; Nov. 3, at Cebu, Battery G, Sixtl. Artillery, Sergeant Edward F. Cleer. Wounded-Nov. 1, at Beliuag, Luzon, Troop H, Fourth Cavalry, John H. Rodgers, arm, serious; Nov. 5, at Pasquin, Luzon, Company F, Thirty-fourth Infantry, Thomas A. Cline, buttock, slight; Nov. 4, at O'Donnell, Luzon, Company D, Twelfth Infantry, John Price, arm, moderate: Carl Hennings, eye, severe; Oct. 18, at Bataan, Luzon, Company E, Eighteenth Infantry, Lawrence E. Kelkenny, shoulder, serious; Oct. 7, at Kualbual, Cebu, Company K, Forty-fourth Infantry, Houghton H. Kimble, leg above knee, slight; Oct. 11, at Balaan, Panay, Company D, Twenty-sixth Infantry, James Wilson, arm, slight; Thomas Oegee, arm, serious; Oct. 10, at Mambusao, Panay, Company L, Eighteenth Infantry, Thomas Noonan, back, slight: Sept. 11, at Sibalon, Panay, Company A, Nineteenth Infantry, Corporal Richard K.

Moffett, head, slight. The Hong-Kong Junto Must Go. LONDON, Nov. 10.-International matter likely to come up between the United States and Great Britain is the suggestion to prevent the Filipino junto from operating at Hong-Kong., Inquiries reveal that no instructions have yet been received at the United States embassy to this end, though should the United States ambassador, Mr. Joseph H. Choate, be instructed ply for the suppression of the junt it is likely his request will be granted. An official of the Foreign Office said: "The extent of the steps we would take in this matter entirely depends on the strength of the case Washington can make out against the junto. If it is proved that the junto is materially assisting the cause of the Filipinos, we, certainly, shall only be acting in the spirit of ordinary international friendship in suppressing the organization. Moreover, the British empire has no desire to harbor such bodies as

Two Filipinos Executed. WASHINGTON, Nov. 10 .- Two courtmartial cases in the Philippines, made public by the War Department to-day, were the trials of Roman Santiago and Pablo de la Cruz, both native Filipinos, and of another native, also named Roman Santiago. In the two instances the two natives were members of a band of guerrilla marauders who seized upon two peaceful natives, robbed them, accused them of being American spies, hung them to a telegraph pole and shot them to death. Roman Santiago, the second, was charged with taking part in the forcible seizure of five natives who were dragged from their homes at night in the Barrio of Namipitan and who were with one exception found mutilated and lifeless in a near-by field. The evidence in this case pointed conclusively to the band of which Santiago was a member. Death penalites in each case were approved and

Extended to Twelve o'Clock. WASHINGTON, Nov. 10 .- Previous orders requiring residents of the city of Manila to confine themselves to their houses after 11 o'clock p. m. have been amended by General MacArthur, the military governor, so as to extend the time to 12 o'clock midnight. At that hour the streets will be cleared by the police. Saloons are closed at 10 o'clock, and the sale of liquor is prohibited after that hour.

A Filipino Asks Damages. LA CROSSE, Wis., Nov. 10.-George

Scheurmann, a Filipino, who is traveling salesman for Z. Ehring & Co., will bring suit for \$5,000 damages against C. A. Sterling, proprietor of the Novelty restaurant here, for refusing him a seat at a table un-

Desperate Prisoners Escape. FORT BENTON. Mont., Nov. 10 .- Six

prisoners escaped last night from the county jail and five are still at large. Two were convicted of crime and four were awaiting trial, one on a charge of murder. They are headed for the Little Rockies, where they have friends, and a desperate fight is anticipated before their capture is effected.

Rolling Mills Closed.

Our Pianos Lead the World.

# The Baldwin

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BULLER A LION.

(CONCLUDED FROM FIRST PAGE.) criticism for the faults of the army of ficers. He warned his hearers that if the criticism was persisted in the time might come when his silence would be broken and the onus laid heavily and publicly on the

right shoulders, though he deprecated having recourse to that. A curious feature connected with the war was Mrs. Richard Chamberlain's vigorous attack on the army hospitals before the hospital committee this week. The spectacle of this somewhat extraordinary sister-in-law of the colonial secretary sitting two hours before that grave body and teaching a man like Justice Rohmer his business created no little sensation. But for the women who took out to South Africa five hundred hotwater bags and reorganized the charities and who has the reputation of being the only individual ever known to affect the judgment of the Chamberlain brothers, the task was comparatively light.

WANTS \$100,000 DAMAGES.

Imprisoned by Portuguese.

PARIS, Nov. 10 .- Dr. H. L. McAuley, of Chicago, who has arrived in this city from the Transvaal, tells the representatives of the Associated Press that he intends to present a claim for \$100,000 damages against the Portuguese government for imprisonment at Lorenzo Marques as soon as he can lay his case before the State Department at Washington. He says he is one of the few Chicago members of the Red Cross Society who refused to tear off the badge of the organization and shoulder rifle in behalf of the Boers. Throughout the war Dr. McAuley alleges he stuck to the ambulance and tended both the Boer

and British wounded Dr. McAuley is very much incensed at the treatment which be declares Americans received at Lorenzo Marques, being singled out for arrest among all the refugees. He himself, he adds, was thrown into prison for six days, finally being shipped off to Europe via Trieste, without a charge being made against him or being placed on trial. All his surgical instruments and personal effects, to the value of \$700, disapeared during his incarceration. The au-horities, Dr. McAuley further asserts, refused to permit him to communicate with the United States minister at Libson. Dr. McAuley scouts the idea that the Boers are beaten and says there are many sur-

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Dr. McAuley Says He Was Wrongfully Norbert Landgraf 123 North Pennsylvania St.,

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